Name: $\qquad$ \# $\qquad$

Geometry: Period $\qquad$
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Date: $\qquad$

## Dilations \& Similarity

## Today's Objective

SWBAT apply the properties of a dilation in order to determine new coordinates, the scale factor $k$, and the ratio of side lengths.

A $\qquad$ is a transformation that moves the points of a line, line segment, or figure either toward or away from a point called the
$\qquad$ - $\qquad$ the figure, $\qquad$ The center of dilation can be
any point $\qquad$ the figure, or $\qquad$ the figure. Dilations produce $\qquad$ figures. Like rigid motions, dilations preserve $\qquad$
$\qquad$ . Unlike rigid motions, dilations do not preserve the $\qquad$ of line segments. Instead, they produce a figure with sides that are
$\qquad$ to the sides of the preimage.

To dilate, $\qquad$ the coordinates of the pre-image by a to obtain the coordinates of the image.

$$
\text { Scale Factor }=\frac{\text { Image }}{\text { Preimage }}
$$

If the scale factor is greater than 1 , then it is an $\qquad$ —.

If the scale factor is less than 1 , then it is a $\qquad$ -

## Example 1

Given the pre-image $A(-4,2), B(6,8)$, and the image $A^{\prime}(-2,1), B^{\prime}(3,4)$ what is the scale factor and center of dilation?


## Check for Understanding

Given the pre-image $A(-5,-1), B(1,-2)$ and image $A^{\prime}(-10,-2)$, $B^{\prime}(2,-4)$ What is the scale factor and center of dilation?


## Example 2

Find the center of dilation and scale factor of the drawing below.


## Check for Understanding

Find the center of dilation and scale factor of the drawing below.


## Example 3

What are the coordinates of point $(1,5)$ after a translation to the left 3 units and up 2 units, followed by a dilation by a factor of 2 about $(0,0)$ ?

## Check for Understanding

What are the coordinates of point $(-7,-9)$ after a translation to the right ? units and up 1 unit, followed by a dilation by a factor of 0.5 about $(0,0)^{\text {. }}$

## Guided Practice

Apply the dilation D to the polygon with the given vertices. Describe the dilation as an enlargement or a reduction.
1.

D: $(x, y) \rightarrow(2 x, 2 y)$

$\mathrm{A}^{\prime}$
$B^{\prime}$ $\qquad$
$\mathrm{C}^{\prime}$ $\qquad$

Determine whether the polygons with the given vertices are similar.
(Hint: Find the ratio of the corresponding sides.)
2.
$A(-4,4), B(0,4), C(0,0), D(-2,-2)$,
$E(-4,0) ; P(-3,3), Q(-1,3), R(-1,1)$,
$S(-2,0), T(-3,1)$


## Independent Practice

Apply the dilation D to the polygon with the given vertices. Describe the dilation as an enlargement or a reduction.

1. $D:(x, y) \rightarrow\left(\frac{1}{2} x, \frac{1}{2} y\right)$
$P(-6,8), Q(0,6), R(-4,2)$
$\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$ $\qquad$

$Q^{\prime}$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{R}^{\prime}$ $\qquad$

Determine whether the polygons with the given vertices are similar. (Hint: Find the ratio of the corresponding sides.)
2.
$J(-4,6), K(4,6), L(4,4) ; P(-2,3)$,
$Q(2,3), R(2,2) ; S(-4,1), T(0,1), O(0,0)$


## Homework

1. Given the pre-image $A(-5,-4), B(-5,-7), C(-2,-7)$ and image $A^{\prime}(-7.5,-6), B^{\prime}(-7.5,-10.5), C^{\prime}(-3,-10.5)$ What is the scale factor and center of dilation?

2. Given the pre-image $A(-2,4), B(6,2)$ and image $A^{\prime}(-3,-1)$, $B^{\prime}(1,-2)$ What is the scale factor and center of dilation?


## Homework

3. Find the center of dilation and scale factor of the drawing below.

4. Find the center of dilation and scale factor of the drawing below.

